



COORDINATION

Governance Strengthening Project (GSP)

OUTLINE

Coordination Definition

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COORDINATION DEFINITION

Working together in a logical way towards achieving a common goal or result. Coordination can be carried out either by volunteering or mandating, and it is achieved through formal or informal agreements

COORDINATION CONCEPT

Coordination is made for the purpose of removing fragmentation, gaps and duplication in the services. Coordination can also signify working to achieve harmony of the procedures in the time of disasters or their related activities and to determine roles and responsibilities

COORDINATION OBJECTIVES

- Guarantee the appropriate efficiency and effectiveness of response to disaster
- A framework to make strategic decisions on matters of common interest
- A unified strategic approach for responding to disasters

COORDINATION OBJECTIVES

- Remove the gaps and the duplication of services in responding to the needs of the affected population
- The appropriate distribution of responsibilities depending on the capacity of each party

COORDINATION PARTIES

- Coordination within the organization itself.
- Coordination with the government of the host country.
- Coordination with the local and international relief organizations.



Less difficult
Important but limited
results

More difficult but achieves best results

- 1- Information Sharing, includes:
- -Identifying the gaps and overlaps in the special aids for disasters/emergencies
- -Alarm Systems
- 2- Cooperation
- Identifying affected population groups and the joint evaluation of their potential abilities and needs
- Coordinating aid standards
- Joint training
- Mobilizing relief items

- 3- Strategic Planning and Programming for participants, includes:
 - Planning and being prepared for disasters
 - Exchange of personnel
 - Participating in procedural costs
 - Developing joint plans
- 4- Recognizing the coordination obstacles and identifying them is the first step to overcome them

- 5- Coordination methods:
- Management skills
- Consensus building
- Memorandums of understanding
- Identifying comparative strengths of each organization
- Maintaining the communications loop

- 5- Coordination Methods:
- Decision-making in plenary meetings
- Properly incorporating partners in the process
- Taking action in a timely manner, especially during a state of emergency
- Following up and carrying out coordination decisions
- Motivating workers to coordinate

6- Coordination Issues in major emergencies

Delegates of the International Federation of Red Cross, Red Crescent and National Assembly staff should be aware of the roles of the various organizations of the United Nations and their listed responsibilities

COORDINATION OBSTACLES

- Fear of self-threat and the lack of trust among the different parties
- Disagreement among resources providers
- Lack of consensus among the participants
- Viewing coordination as a low priority
- Highly centralized bureaucratic organizations
- Lack of coordination skills
- Ineffective or inappropriate coordination leadership

THANK YOU



